

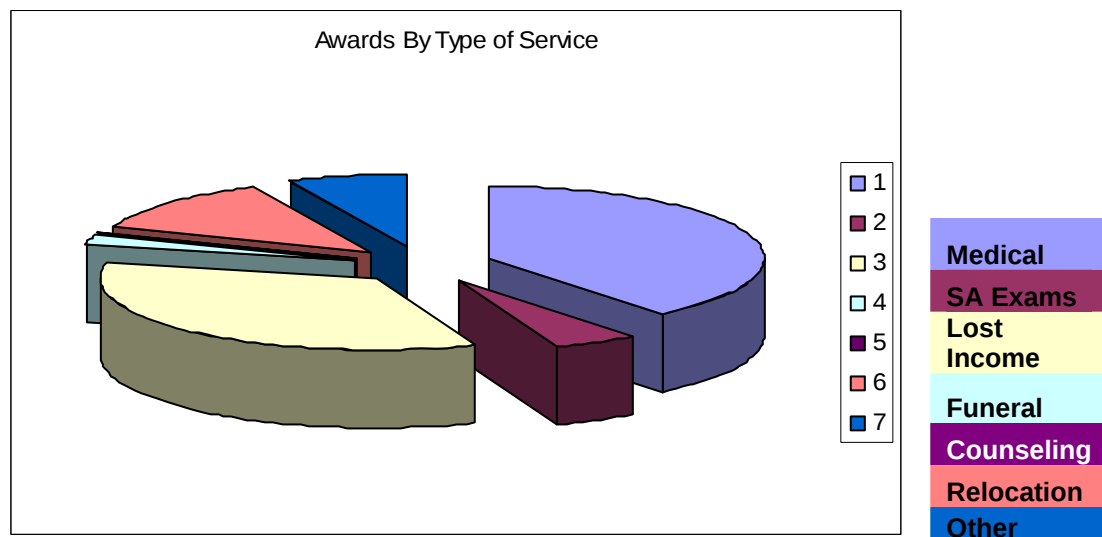
The following charts show how the funds were paid out during this reporting period by the victim's age, type of crime and type of service.

**VIOLENT CRIMES COMPENSATION BOARD
AWARDS - 2008**



54% of Claims Approved Involved Victims Age 17 and Under
46% of Claims Approved Involved Victims Age 17 and Over

**VIOLENT CRIMES COMPENSATION BOARD
AWARDS - 2008**



Medical	\$509,073	Mental Health	\$ 65,187	Lost Income	\$444,215
Funeral	\$ 26,789	SA Exams	\$ 3,664	Relocation	\$156,611
Other:	Transportation, Lodging, Daycare, Security, Food, etc.				\$ 90,911

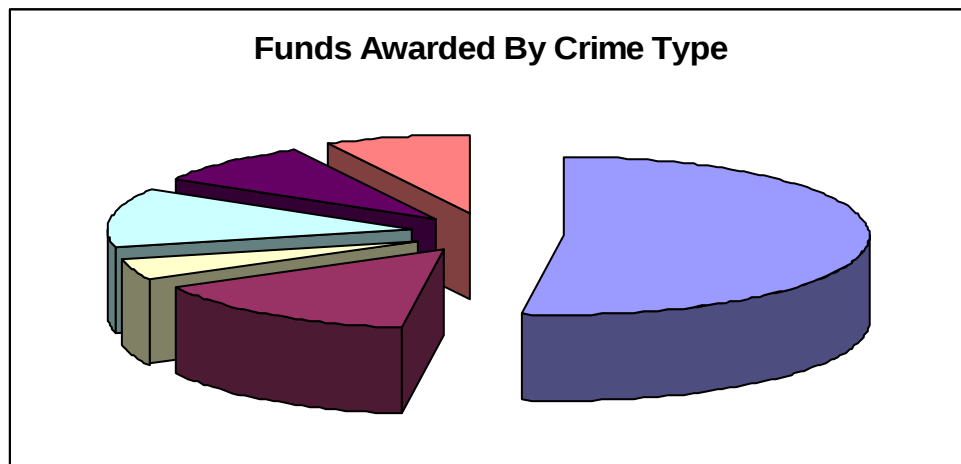
TOTAL: \$1,296,531

AWARD TREND 2008

During this reporting period, the Board continued to negotiate settlements on medical costs in excess of five thousand dollars and to seek payment by other possible sources first. Through efforts such as this, the Board stretches limited resources to maximize victim recovery assistance. Payments for medical costs were higher than the previous year. Overall, awards were down slightly due to the necessity to defer payment of awards from the last meeting held in the state fiscal year 2008. The Board continued its policy of limiting counseling sessions to one hundred dollars per session and to ensure other sources of payment paid first. The Board also adopted new or revised existing award policies and standards. For a current and complete list of award policies, see the Board's website at www.state.ak.us/ADMIN/Vccb.

During the reporting period, the compensation of counseling, funeral, and sexual assault examination costs were all down. While compensation of medical, relocation, transportation, lodging, food, childcare, security, crime scene clean-up, and costs associated with attending criminal proceedings were all higher than the previous year.

FUNDS AWARDED BY TYPE OF CRIME



ASSAULT/DV ASSAULT	52%
HOMICIDE	15%
DUI/HIT AND RUN	12%
ROBBERY/KIDNAPPING/TRAFFICKING/ARSON	9%
CHILD ABUSE	8%
SEXUAL ASSAULT	4%

AWARD TREND 2008

Awards made to and on behalf of domestic violence and assault victims continued to rise during the reporting period. The amount rose thirty-six percent over the prior year in 2007 and rose an additional eight percent during 2008. Awards on claims based on sexual assault cases went down slightly while awards on claims involving child abuse remained about the same. The period saw an increase of about five percent on claims from victims of intoxicated drivers, robbery, kidnapping, arson, and trafficking.

The most significant change in award statistics during 2008 was the significant drop by about fifty percent on cases from the families of homicide victims. This statistic is readily understood when one realizes the Board set-up the first money market accounts on behalf of victims in 2007. Awards made on behalf of the dependents of homicide victims were up twenty-nine percent in 2007. In 2007, the Board established twenty-three money markets accounts on behalf of financial dependent of innocent murder victims. In 2008, the Board established two additional accounts.

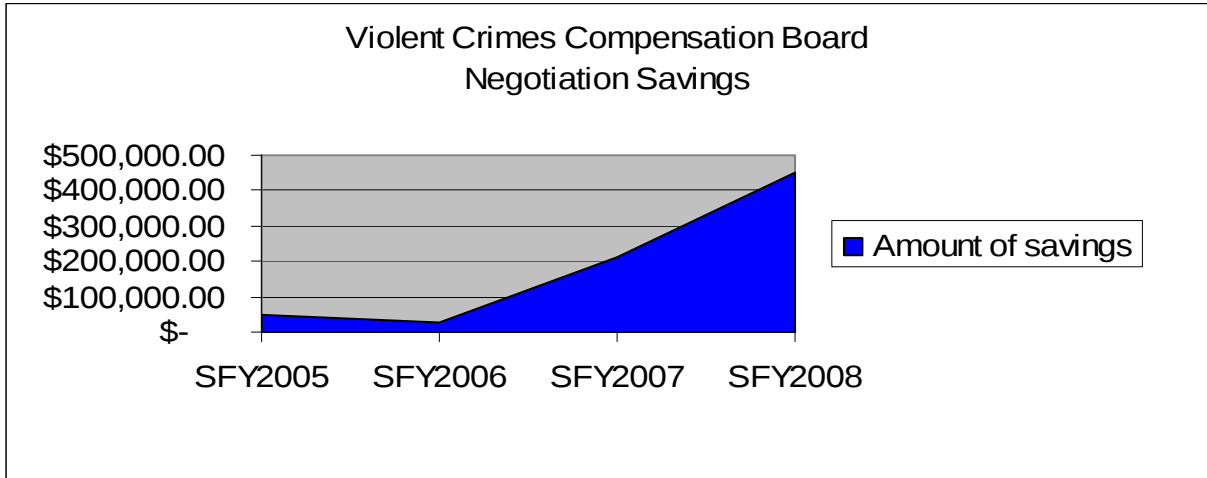
In comparison to awards statistics over the last ten years, higher than average awards were made to and on behalf of domestic violence and assault victims in 2008. Awards made on behalf of arson, trafficking, and DUI victims were also higher.

Negotiated Settlements

Established in 2007, during 2008, the Violent Crimes Compensation Board continued practices designed to ensure the success of the development and establishment of the Victim Restoration Program. This program ensures the maximization of limited resources through receipt of restitution, subrogation, and settlement agreements. During the time period of this report, staff negotiated agreements with medical providers to accept partial payments as payment in full.

The purpose of the negotiations is two-fold. First, negotiating settlements ensures innocent victims of violent crimes are not further traumatized by being penalized with late payments or for debt transference to collection agencies. In addition, garnering agreements with providers to accept partial payments as payment in full stretches the Board's limited resources to serve more victims and claimants eligible for compensation under Alaskan law.

In 2007, Board staff successfully negotiated twenty medical bills for a total savings of \$207,792. This was an almost 300% increase in the number of negotiations and 763% increase in the amount saved. In 2008, Board staff negotiated almost 70% more medical bills over the previous year resulting in a savings of \$465,367. This was more than doubled over the prior year.



State Fiscal Year	Amount of Savings
2005	\$50,597
2006	\$27,221
2007	\$207,792
2008	\$465,367

FUNDING SOURCES/RESTORATIVE JUSTICE

The state's violent crimes compensation program is funded through both state and federal funds. Approximately 60-70% of the amount awarded annually in compensation comes from a legislative appropriation of state funds. These state funds are currently available because Permanent Fund dividends are withheld from certain persons convicted of crimes in Alaskan courts and earmarked for use by victim-focused programs such as the crime victim compensation program.

In 1984, federal legislation established a Crime Victims Fund. Monies from this fund are available for distribution by state compensation programs. Alaska's compensation program must qualify annually for federal grants and has done so successfully since the federal fund's inception. Approximately 30-40% of the funds awarded annually come from this fund.

In 1996, Board staff began tracking unrestricted revenues paid to the Board, but unavailable for award to victims. This court ordered restitution, income from inmates working in correctional industries programs, and refunds from the exercise of the state's subrogation rights could provide additional state funds for award to victims and their service providers. Adopting the principles of restorative justice, the Board is committed to condemning the criminal act and holding offenders accountable. The Board understands that a violent criminal act is an act against individuals and not just against the community or the State. Therefore, Board staff continue to track and monitor offender restitution to the Board. The Board continues to seek support for the legislation necessary to fully implement a State Crime Victim Compensation Fund.

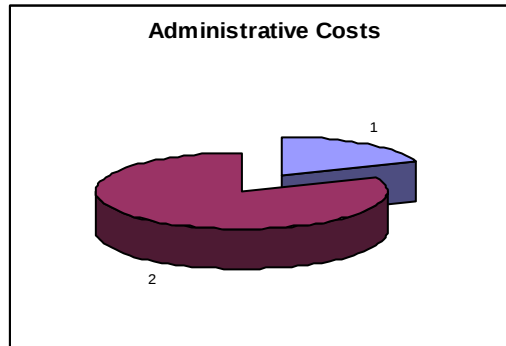
MINOR TRUSTS

In 2007, the Board moved the monies that were being held on behalf of minor dependents of homicide victims into interest bearing money market accounts. This facilitated the establishment of "minor trusts" and during 2008 the Board opened two additional accounts. As of the close of this reporting period twenty-five accounts with annual distributions to legal guardians of minors financially dependent upon homicide victims at the time of their death had been set-up. Annual payments are generated out of these accounts to replace the support lost when their parent or legal guardian was the innocent victim of a homicide. In determining the amount of the account, the Board obtains information regarding the level of support being provided the child at the time of the crime.

FUNDING SOURCES AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES

The greatest portion of the compensation program's budget serves eligible innocent victims directly. Awards are made to compensate expenses and losses. The following

chart illustrates the Board's commitment to keeping administrative costs at a minimum which enables maximum compensation to victims for eligible costs. This practice makes more funds available for direct award to victims and their service providers.



1 ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS=19%
2 AWARDS TO CLAIMANTS=81%